



The Palestinian Initiative for the Promotion of Global
Dialog and Democracy—MIFTAH

Comparative actual spending report for 2024–2025 Palestinian Land Authority

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Comparative actual spending report for 2024–2025, Palestinian Land Authority

In accordance with the 2025 Ministry of Finance actual spending report, actual expenditures allocated to the Palestinian Land Authority were **ILS34.4 million** of a total **ILS17,202.8 million** from overall actual spending in the 2025 budget, or **0.20%** of overall expenditures. [1]

According to the 2024 annual actual spending report by the Ministry of Finance, actual spending allocated to the Palestinian Land Authority was **ILS 36.8 million** of **NIS17,518.8 million** of the 2024 overall annual actual spending from the public budget, or **0.21%** of overall expenditures. [2]

The table below illustrates comparative figures for annual actual spending items for 2024–2025 for the Palestinian Land Authority:

**Comparative annual actual spending for 2024–2025 for the Palestinian
Land Authority/million shekels**

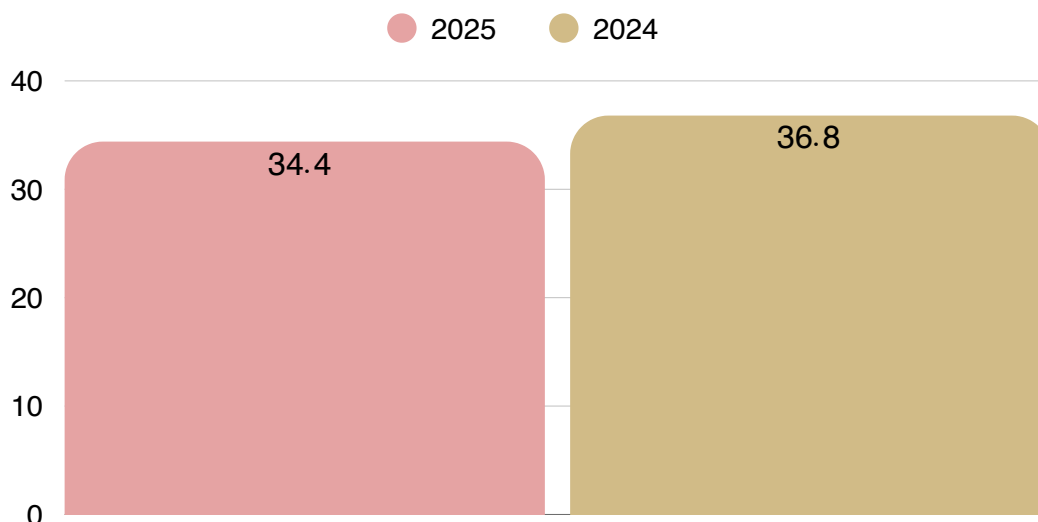
Item	2024 actual spending/million shekels	2025 actual spending/million shekels	2024/2025 percentage
Salaries and wages	23.94	23.73	99.10%
Social contributions	2.3	2.29	99.60%
Goods and services	7.88	6.84	86.90%
Capital expenditures	1.14	1.5	131.60%
Developmental expenditures	1.53	0.08	4.90%
Total	36.8	34.4	93.60%

Note: the abovementioned figures are on an accrual basis. For example, the above salary and wage values are those committed by the Ministry of Finance to employees, not those spent on a cash basis, due to the disbursement of a percentage of the salary since the end of 2021.

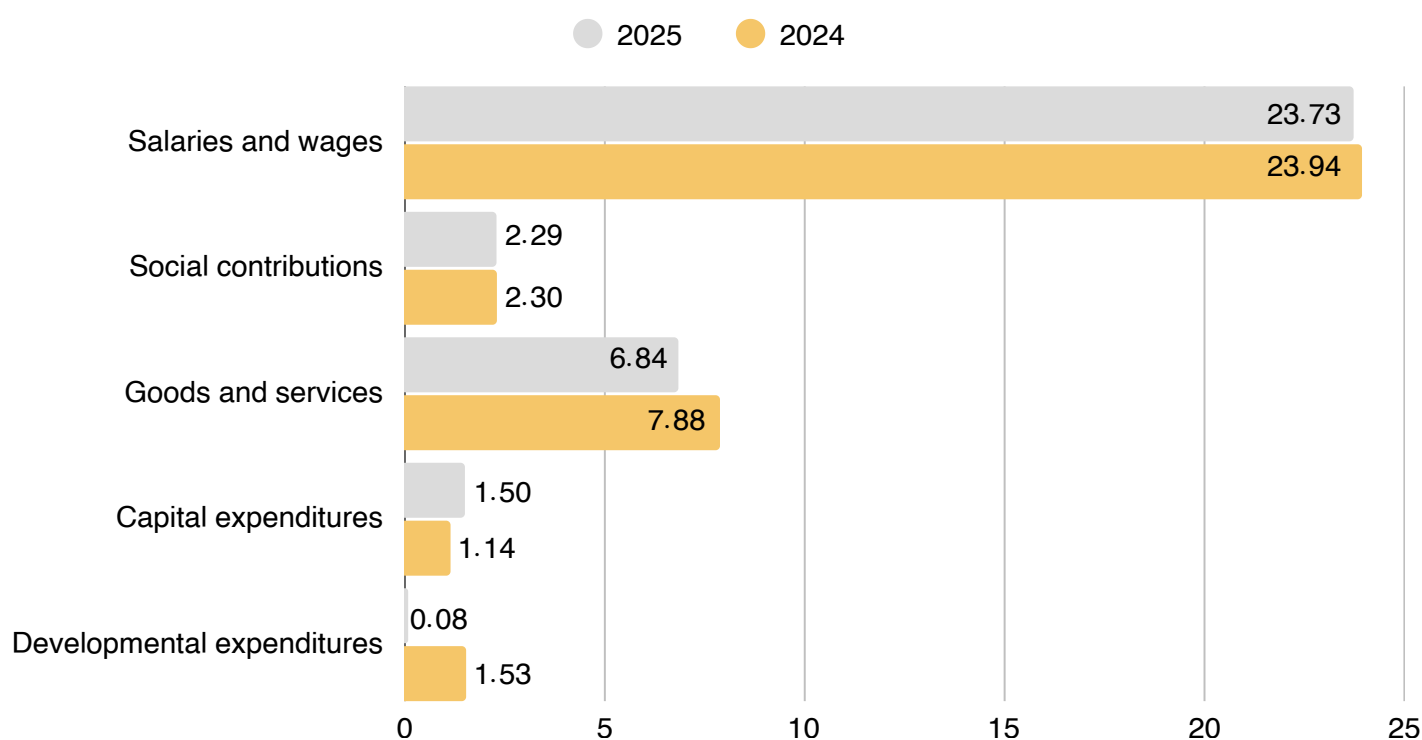
[1] Cumulative actual spending report for December 2025, released by the Ministry of Finance on January 28, 2026, Table (5b)

[1] Cumulative actual spending report for December 2024, released by the Ministry of Finance on June 24, 2025. Table (5b)

Comparative annual actual spending for 2024–2025 for the Palestinian Land Authority/million shekels

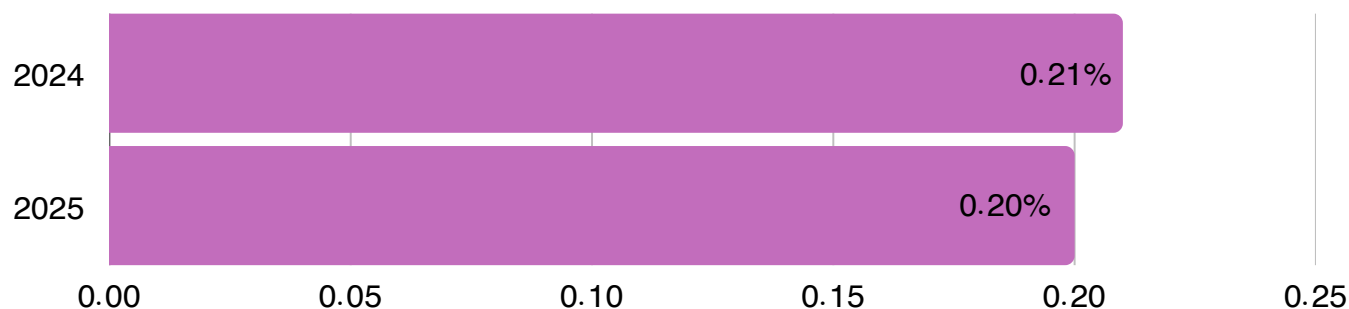


Comparative annual actual spending for 2024–2025 for the Palestinian Land Authority, according to item/million shekels

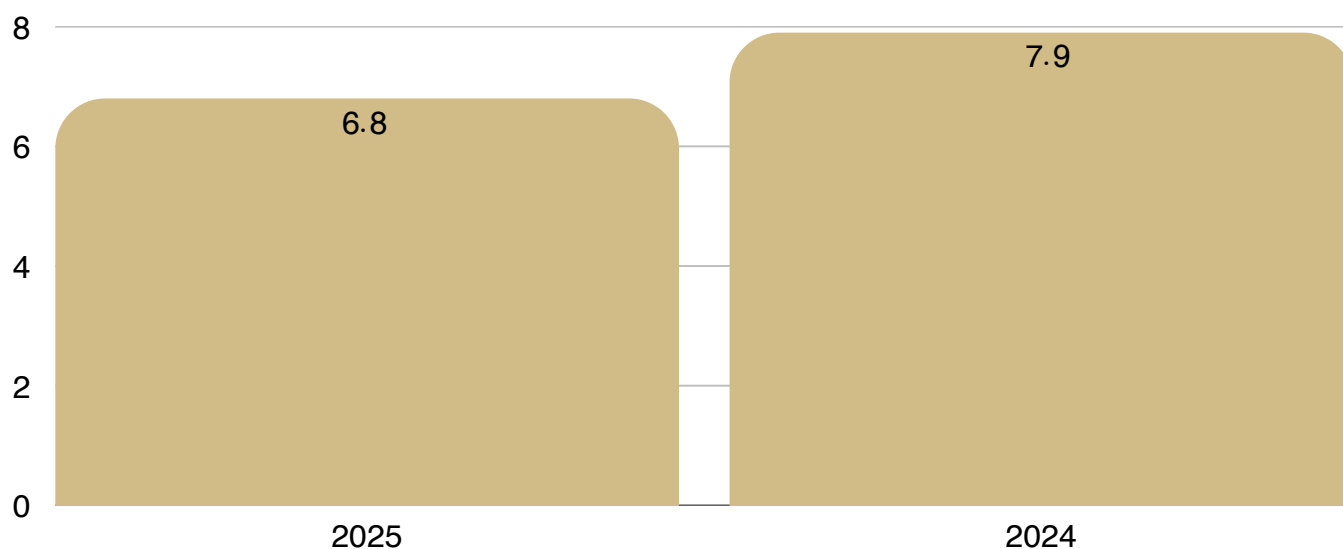


* The above-mentioned figures represent the actual expenditures from the public treasury as indicated by the Ministry of Finance's official reports. These amounts do not include community-funded expenditures or projects that are funded through direct bilateral agreements between partners and the Palestinian Land Authority.

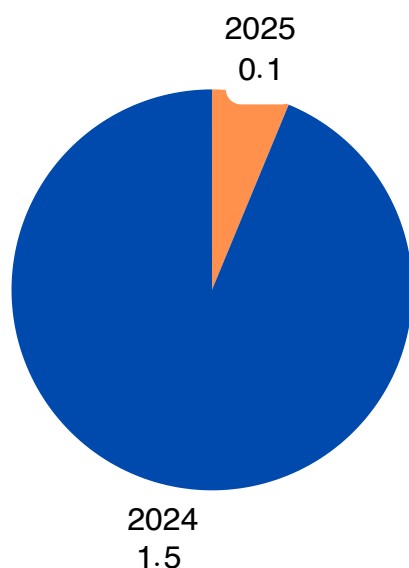
**Percentage of annual comparative actual spending for the Palestinian Land Authority,
from the overall public expenditures for 2024/2025**



**Comparative actual spending for 2024/2025 on the item of goods and services
for the Palestinian Land Authority /million shekels**



**Comparative actual spending for 2024/2025 on the item of developmental expenditures
at the Palestinian Land Authority/million shekels**



Analysis of annual comparative actual spending figures for the Palestinian Land Authority, 2024–2025:

One: Annual actual spending for the Palestinian Land Authority dropped in 2025, compared to 2024, going from ILS36.8 million to ILS34.4 million in 2025.

Two: The percentage of actual spending on the Palestinian Land Authority in 2025 was 0.20% of overall public expenditures in Palestine, while it was 0.21% in 2024, that is, the percentage of actual spending dropped for the Land Authority as well.

Three: There was an increase in actual spending in 2025 on capital expenditures.

Four: Actual spending dropped on these items in 2025 compared to 2024: salaries and wages, social contributions, goods and services and developmental expenditures.

Summary: It is clear from the analysis of the 2024–2025 comparative actual spending report for the Palestinian Land Authority that actual spending slightly dropped in 2025 compared to 2024 whether at the level of actual spending amounts or the “share” of the Palestinian Land Authority from overall expenditures. There was an increase in spending on the item of capital expenditures in 2025, compared to 2024, while there was a drop on all other expenditures, noting that the report figures are on an accrual basis.

Important Terms:

Expenditures: Includes current as well as capital and developmental expenditures

Current expenditures: Includes salaries, wages, social contributions, operational and transfer expenditures

Salaries and wages: Salaries and wages of Ministry employees

Social contributions: Represents the government's contribution to the General Pension and Social Security Authority for pensioners

Operational costs for “goods and services”: the necessary expenditures for the operation of the public institution, i.e. the Ministry (building rentals, electricity, water, fuel, etc.)

Transfer expenditures: are the expenditures paid by the government to different societal segments through a public institution for the benefit of a third party (such as payments to assist the poor or to martyrs' families)

Capital expenditures: includes the possession of capital assets (buildings, land, equipment, vehicles, etc.)

Developmental expenditures: are expenditures which have a nature that is different from current expenditures in terms of their useful life and the return from expenditures, whereas their useful life and the return/yield extend beyond one year.

Cash-basis: The method which financial and accounting transactions are conducted upon cash payment of cash receipt, i.e. it focuses on cash flow activity whereby financial operations are not registered in the books until after collection or the cash payment of the due amount is paid.

Accrual basis: The method in which data and accounting in transactions are registered on the date of the occurrence irrespective of cash payment or receipt.